HISTORY

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THE MANUFACTURE OF IRON

IN ALL AGES,

AND PARTICULARLY IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THREE HUNDRED YEARS, FROM 1885 TO 1886.

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1884.

the eightwesth century. From about 1740 down to the Revminion many furnaces and other from works were believed. It is many furnaces and other from works were believed to the lessey. It iron industry during the greater part of the parties were exceedingly active, although hampered by rattivities were to the parties when the present the parties when the present the parties which were then built up within its bortest to partie the parties which were then built up within its bortest to partie the parties which were then built up to the parties which were then built up to the control as more than the parties which were the parties when the parties which were the parties when the parties which were the parties when the parties were the parties when the parties when

iron and steel that was needed to secure its success.

Peter Hasenclever, a Prussian centleman of distinction,

who is usually referred to as Baron Hasenelever, emigrated to New Jersey about 1784, as the head of an iron company which he had organized in London, and brought with him a large number of German miners and ironworkers. His ca-reer in this country is very fully described by Dr. Tuttle in his history, and by Mr. Halsey in a letter which we have reecived from him. Dr. Tuttle first gives an account of the principally composed of several persons named Ogden. In at Ringwood, near Greenwood lake, in Berren (now Passaic) connty, where, says Mr. Helsey, they built a furnace. In 1764
Joseph Board conveyed to the Ringwood Company a tract of land at Ringwood "near the old forge and dwelling house of Walter Erwin." On July 5, 1764, the Ringwood Company sold to "Peter Hasenclever, late of London, merchant," for £5,000, all of its lands and its improvements at Ringwood. The deed states that on the property there are "srected and standing a furnace, two forges, and several dwelling houses." It speaks of "Timothy Ward's forge;" also of the "old forge at Ringwood." Hasenclever also bought from various persons other tracts of land in 1764 at Ringwood and in its vitinity, and in 1765 he bought several tracts from Lord Stirling. These purchases were located at Ringwood, Pempton,

Long Pond, and Charlottenburg, all in what was then Berger sensity. Hasmelever also problely purchased no interest in the irenover mines at Hilbernia. Dr. Tulte says that "Hasnedever at once began to enlarge the old works and build naw once at such of the piaces jun named," that is, Ringrood, Pompton, Long Pond, and Charlottenburg. It is probable that he built a furnees and no one more forger at seech piace. inducement to engage in the business. The blooms ries of New Jersey were Catalan forges of the German type. Many of them were blown by the troope, or water-blast.

of them were historn by the fronce, or value-blane. Not much peopers was much, however, in the establishment of the iron industry in New Jersey and the middle of the eighteenter country. From about 17th John to the Rosers, Fronce about 17th John to the Rosers, Fronce about 17th John to the Rosers, Fronce about 17th John to the Rosers and the first industry in the property of the period was exceedingly active, although between well of this period was exceedingly active, although between exceedingly active, although between well as the second of the period was exceedingly active, although between which were blane bills may reliable the bedoes the enterprise which were blane bills may reliable the bedoes the contempts which were blane bills may reliable the two medium of the corner in a service in the room of the room and well that was medium to secure the arrows of the corner in a service.

susceptions which were tunn and an artificial in the occurs which are the patroidic cause was affarwards greatly indebted for much of the iron and steel that was needed to secure its success.

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